

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN
DISTRICT NO. 2
Jefferson County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
TABLE OF CONTENTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT	1
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	7
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	24
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	26
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	27



Dazzio & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 2
Jefferson County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 2 as of and for the year December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

8200 South Quebec Street, Suite A3259, Centennial, Colorado 80112
303-905-0809 • info@dazziocpa.com

• Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants • Member Colorado Society of Certified Public Accountants •

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 2's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for the Debt Service Fund (the Supplementary Information) and the Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity and the Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected (the Other Information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Duggio & Associates, P.C.

July 15, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 44,335
Cash and Investments - Restricted	237,880
Receivable From County Treasurer	4,372
Accounts Receivable	3,380
Property Taxes Receivable	683,440
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,028,062
Total Assets	2,001,469
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding	598,755
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	598,755
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	26,757
Unearned Revenue	5,399
Accrued Interest Payable	24,744
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	75,407
Due in More Than One Year	8,361,618
Total Liabilities	8,493,925
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	683,440
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	683,440
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(63,276)
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	8,500
Debt Service	207,836
Unrestricted	(6,730,201)
Total Net Position	\$ (6,577,141)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 295,166	\$ 108,321	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (186,845)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	516,498	-	-	-	(516,498)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 811,664	\$ 108,321	\$ -	\$ -	(703,343)
GENERAL REVENUES					
					591,875
					50,553
					121
					4,422
					646,971
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(56,372)
					(6,520,769)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					\$ (6,577,141)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,237	\$ 21,098	\$ -	\$ 44,335
Cash and Investments - Restricted	8,500	-	229,380	237,880
Receivable from County Treasurer	1,172	-	3,200	4,372
Accounts Receivable	-	3,380	-	3,380
Property Taxes Receivable	183,179	-	500,261	683,440
	<u>\$ 216,088</u>	<u>\$ 24,478</u>	<u>\$ 732,841</u>	<u>\$ 973,407</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 7,678	\$ 19,079	\$ -	\$ 26,757
Unearned Revenue	-	5,399	-	5,399
Total Liabilities	<u>7,678</u>	<u>24,478</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32,156</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	183,179	-	500,261	683,440
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>183,179</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>500,261</u>	<u>683,440</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted For:				
Emergencies (TABOR)	8,500	-	-	8,500
Debt Service	-	-	232,580	232,580
Unassigned	16,731	-	-	16,731
Total Fund Balances	<u>25,231</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>232,580</u>	<u>257,811</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 216,088</u>	<u>\$ 24,478</u>	<u>\$ 732,841</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets are reported as assets on the statement of net position but are recorded as expenditures in the funds.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 1,028,062

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Cost of Refunding 598,755

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Bonds Payable (7,838,000)
Bond Interest Payable (350,825)
Bond Premium (102,331)
Developer Advances Payable (120,000)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances (50,613)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (6,577,141)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 158,640	\$ -	\$ 433,235	\$ 591,875
Specific Ownership Taxes	13,549	-	37,004	50,553
Operations Fees	-	99,909	-	99,909
Other Revenue	-	121	-	121
Interest Income	29	-	4,393	4,422
Penalties and Late Fees	-	3,612	-	3,612
Transfer Fees	-	4,800	-	4,800
Total Revenues	<u>172,218</u>	<u>108,442</u>	<u>474,632</u>	<u>755,292</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	24,599	-	-	24,599
Audit	4,700	-	-	4,700
County Treasurer's Fees	2,380	-	6,500	8,880
Covenant Enforcement	-	1,440	-	1,440
Design Review	-	1,931	-	1,931
Directors' Fees	1,000	-	-	1,000
District Management	-	15,300	-	15,300
Dues	479	-	-	479
Electricity	-	155	-	155
Fence Repair	-	345	-	345
Grounds Cleanup	-	2,199	-	2,199
Insurance	11,035	-	-	11,035
Irrigation Repairs	-	2,445	-	2,445
Landscape Improvements	-	32,938	-	32,938
Landscape Maintenance Contract	-	25,900	-	25,900
Legal	31,103	5,682	-	36,785
Miscellaneous	692	-	-	692
North Table Mountain IGA	-	14,451	-	14,451
Postage and Copies	-	394	-	394
Snow Removal	-	6,758	-	6,758
Social Activities	-	1,008	-	1,008
Trash Removal	-	41,979	-	41,979
Water	-	3,445	-	3,445
Website	-	2,334	-	2,334
Debt Service:				
Bond Interest - Series 2017A	-	-	299,625	299,625
Bond Principal - Series 2017A	-	-	60,000	60,000
Paying Agent Fees	-	-	8,000	8,000
Total Expenditures	<u>75,988</u>	<u>158,704</u>	<u>374,125</u>	<u>608,817</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	96,230	(50,262)	100,507	146,475
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer (to) from Other Funds	(68,733)	68,733	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(68,733)</u>	<u>68,733</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	27,497	18,471	100,507	146,475
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	<u>(2,266)</u>	<u>(18,471)</u>	<u>132,073</u>	<u>111,336</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 25,231</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 232,580</u>	<u>\$ 257,811</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 146,475

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of any cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Depreciation (60,474)

Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

Bond Principal Payment 60,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of Deferred Cost of Refunding (31,957)

Amortization of Bond Premium 5,456

Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability (9,600)

Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability (166,272)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (56,372)

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 159,023	\$ 158,640	\$ (383)
Specific Ownership Taxes	9,541	13,549	4,008
Interest Income	10	29	19
Total Revenues	<u>168,574</u>	<u>172,218</u>	<u>3,644</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Accounting	23,000	24,599	(1,599)
Audit	4,900	4,700	200
County Treasurer's Fees	2,385	2,380	5
Directors' Fees	800	1,000	(200)
Dissolution of District No. 1	7,000	-	7,000
Dues	470	479	(9)
Insurance	11,424	11,035	389
Legal	35,000	31,103	3,897
Miscellaneous	-	692	(692)
Total Expenditures	<u>84,979</u>	<u>75,988</u>	<u>8,991</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	83,595	96,230	12,635
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from Other Funds	-	1,362	1,362
Transfers to Other Funds	(83,500)	(70,095)	13,405
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(83,500)</u>	<u>(68,733)</u>	<u>14,767</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	95	27,497	27,402
Fund Balance (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	<u>5,188</u>	<u>(2,266)</u>	<u>(7,454)</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 5,283</u>	<u>\$ 25,231</u>	<u>\$ 19,948</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Operations Fee	\$ 93,132	\$ 99,909	\$ 99,909	\$ -
Other Revenue	-	120	121	1
Penalties and Late Fees	-	3,593	3,612	19
Transfer Fees	-	3,000	4,800	1,800
Total Revenues	<u>93,132</u>	<u>106,622</u>	<u>108,442</u>	<u>1,820</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Covenant Enforcement	1,920	1,440	1,440	-
Design Review	1,920	2,400	1,931	469
District Management	18,000	15,000	15,300	(300)
Electricity	800	200	155	45
Fence Repair	1,000	-	345	(345)
Grounds Cleanup	3,500	2,500	2,199	301
Irrigation Repairs	30,000	3,000	2,445	555
Landscape Improvements	4,000	30,000	32,938	(2,938)
Landscape Maintenance Contract	25,000	25,000	25,900	(900)
Legal	2,400	5,000	5,682	(682)
Lighting Repair	50	-	-	-
North Table Mountain IGA	15,330	14,451	14,451	-
Postage and Copies	300	500	394	106
Snow Removal	5,000	15,000	6,758	8,242
Social Activities	3,000	3,000	1,008	1,992
Trash Removal	37,000	38,000	41,979	(3,979)
Water	7,000	5,000	3,445	1,555
Website	-	500	2,334	(1,834)
Total Expenditures	<u>156,220</u>	<u>160,991</u>	<u>158,704</u>	<u>2,287</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(63,088)	(54,369)	(50,262)	4,107
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers from Other Funds	83,500	83,500	70,095	(13,405)
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(1,362)	(1,362)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>83,500</u>	<u>82,138</u>	<u>68,733</u>	<u>(13,405)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,412	27,769	18,471	(9,298)
Fund Balance (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	<u>(5,318)</u>	<u>(18,471)</u>	<u>(18,471)</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 15,094</u>	<u>\$ 9,298</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (9,298)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for the County of Jefferson, Colorado on December 5, 2012, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes).

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, television relay and translation, and security. The District provides covenant control and was organized in conjunction with Hawthorn Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1), which previously served as the Operating District, and is currently inactive.

On December 7, 2015, District No. 1 approved, and the District accepted, the assignment of any of District No. 1's rights, duties, and obligations under the Covenants and Restrictions of Hawthorn which have been recorded and filed with the County Clerk and Recorder.

The District is not authorized to plan for, design, acquire, construct, install, relocate, redevelop, finance, operate, or maintain fire protection facilities or services, unless such facilities and services are provided as part of an intergovernmental agreement with the County.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and operations fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for Operations Fees received and expenditures incurred in connection with operations and maintenance of the District.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Structures	20 Years
Landscaping	20 Years
Parks and Recreation	20 Years

Amortization

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, cost of refunding, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 44,335
Cash and Investments - Restricted	237,880
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 282,215

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 55,698
Investments	226,517
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 282,215

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$53,241 and a carrying balance of \$55,698.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days	\$ 226,517

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

<u>General Government Activities</u>	<u>Balance - December 31, 2018</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance - December 31, 2019</u>
Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated:				
Structures	\$ 187,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 187,200
Landscaping	583,140	-	-	583,140
Parks and Recreation	439,144	-	-	439,144
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated	1,209,484	-	-	1,209,484
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
For:				
Structures	(18,720)	(9,360)	-	(28,080)
Landscaping	(58,314)	(29,157)	-	(87,471)
Parks and Recreation	(43,914)	(21,957)	-	(65,871)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(120,948)	(60,474)	-	(181,422)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	1,088,536	(60,474)	-	1,028,062
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,088,536</u>	<u>\$ (60,474)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,028,062</u>

At December 31, 2019, depreciation expense was charged to the general government function of the District in the amount of \$60,474.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	<u>Balance - December 31, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance - December 31, 2019</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Bonds Payable:					
G.O. Bonds - Series 2017A	\$ 6,150,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 6,090,000	\$ 70,000
G.O. Bonds - Series 2017B	820,000	-	-	820,000	-
G.O. Bonds - Series 2017C	928,000	-	-	928,000	-
Accrued and Unpaid Interest - 2017B	62,272	63,965	-	126,237	-
Accrued and Unpaid Interest - 2017C	97,312	102,532	-	199,844	-
Bond Premium	107,787	-	5,456	102,331	5,407
Total Bonds Payable	8,165,371	166,497	65,456	8,266,412	75,407
Other Debts:					
Developer Advances	120,000	-	-	120,000	-
Accrued Interest - Developer Advances	41,013	9,600	-	50,613	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 8,326,384</u>	<u>\$ 176,097</u>	<u>\$ 65,456</u>	<u>\$ 8,437,025</u>	<u>\$ 75,407</u>

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$6,210,000 Series 2017A General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds

\$820,000 Series 2017B Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds

\$928,000 Series 2017C Limited Tax Junior Lien Subordinate General Obligation Bonds

On December 14, 2017, the District issued its \$6,210,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017A (2017A Bonds), its \$820,000 Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2017B (2017B Bonds) and its \$928,000 Limited Tax Junior Lien Subordinate General Obligation Bonds (2017C Bonds). The proceeds from the sale of the 2017A Bonds were applied to refunding the Series 2014 and Series 2015 Bonds of the District and paying the costs of issuing the 2017 Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the 2017B Bonds will be applied to refunding the remainder of the Series 2015 Bonds, reimbursing Developer advances related to public improvements for the District and paying the costs of issuing the 2017B Bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the 2017C Bonds were used to reimburse Developer advances related to public improvements for the District and paying certain costs of issuing the 2017C Bonds.

Concurrently with the refunding of the Series 2014 and Series 2015 bonds, the Developer forgave \$3,186,259 in outstanding obligations. Restrictions on the monies restricted for interest payments and the reserve account pertaining to the defeased bonds were removed under the new refunding. The defeased bonds are not considered a liability of the District since sufficient funds in the amount of \$6,685,765 were deposited with a trustee and invested in U.S. government securities for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of the defeased bonds until the call date, at which point the bonds will be repaid in their entirety from the remaining funds in the escrow account. The Series 2014 Bonds were redeemed on December 1, 2019. The Series 2015 Bonds were redeemed on December 15, 2019.

The 2017A Bonds bear interest at 4.5% and 5.0%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2018. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. The 2017A Bonds mature on December 1, 2032 and December 1, 2047.

The 2017A Bonds are also secured by the amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund. Prior to the date upon which the Debt to Assessed Ratio is equal to 50% or less, 2017A Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$621,000. Pursuant to the 2017A Indenture, the Surplus Fund will be terminated when the Debt to Assessed Ratio is equal to or less than 50% (if ever) and, any monies therein applied to any legal purpose of the District. Under the 2017B Indenture, any amounts in the Surplus Fund upon termination of such funds are pledged to the payment of the 2017B Bonds.

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$6,210,000 Series 2017A General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds

\$820,000 Series 2017B Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds

\$928,000 Series 2017C Limited Tax Junior Lien Subordinate General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The 2017A Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within maturities), on December 1, 2022, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 1, 2022 to November 30, 2023	3.00 %
December 1, 2023 to November 30, 2024	2.00
December 1, 2024 to November 30, 2025	1.00
December 1, 2025 and Thereafter	-

The 2017B Bonds bear interest at 7.25% per annum, are payable annually from Subordinate Pledged Revenue, if any, on December 15, beginning on December 15, 2018, and mature on December 15, 2047. The 2017B Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the 2017B Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. All of the 2017B Bonds and interest thereon will be deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 15, 2057, regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid on the 2017B Bonds prior to such Subordinate Termination Date.

The 2017B Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within maturities), on December 15, 2022, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 15, 2022 to December 14, 2023	3.00 %
December 15, 2023 to December 14, 2024	2.00
December 15, 2024 to December 14, 2025	1.00
December 15, 2025 and Thereafter	-

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$6,210,000 Series 2017A General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding Bonds

\$820,000 Series 2017B Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds

\$928,000 Series 2017C Limited Tax Junior Lien Subordinate General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

The 2017C Bonds bear interest at the rate of 10.00% per annum, and are payable annually from Junior Subordinate Pledged Revenue, if any available, on each December 15, commencing on the first December 15 occurring after the 2017B Bonds have been paid in full or are no longer outstanding, and mature on December 15, 2051. The 2017C Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the 2017C Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. All of the 2017C Bonds and interest thereon will be deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 15, 2057, regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid on the 2017C Bonds prior to such Termination Date.

The 2017C Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$1,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within maturities), on December 15, 2022, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 15, 2022 to December 14, 2023	3.00 %
December 15, 2023 to December 14, 2024	2.00
December 15, 2024 to December 14, 2025	1.00
December 15, 2025 and Thereafter	-

In the government-wide statements, the purchase price of the Series 2017A bonds included a premium in the amount of \$113,094, which has been deferred and is being amortized over the life of the new debt.

The District's Series 2017A Bonds will mature as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 70,000	\$ 296,925	\$ 366,925
2021	70,000	293,775	363,775
2022	85,000	290,625	375,625
2023	85,000	286,800	371,800
2024	100,000	282,975	382,975
2025-2029	615,000	1,341,075	1,956,075
2030-2034	875,000	1,179,500	2,054,500
2035-2039	1,220,000	933,750	2,153,750
2040-2044	1,690,000	583,500	2,273,500
2045-2047	1,280,000	130,500	1,410,500
Total	<u>\$ 6,090,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,619,425</u>	<u>\$ 11,709,425</u>

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Debt Authorization

At December 31, 2019, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts for the following purposes:

	Authorized November 6, 2012 Election	Series 2014 Authorization Used	Series 2015 Authorization Used	Series 2017 Authorization Used	Remaining at December 31, 2019
Streets	\$ 30,000,000	\$ 1,328,745	\$ 613,000	\$ 501,000	\$ 27,557,255
Parks and Recreation	30,000,000	122,231	56,000	46,000	29,775,769
Water	30,000,000	548,248	253,000	207,000	28,991,752
Sanitation/Storm Sewer	30,000,000	2,130,776	983,000	804,000	26,082,224
Transportation	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Mosquito Control	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Safety Protection	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Fire Protection	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Television & Relay	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Security	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Operations & Maintenance	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Refunding of Debt	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Governmental IGA's	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Private IGA's	30,000,000	-	-	-	30,000,000
Total	<u>\$ 420,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,130,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,905,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,558,000</u>	<u>\$ 412,407,000</u>

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the total debt that the District shall be permitted to issue shall not exceed \$10,000,000, exclusive of refundings. Additionally, the maximum debt mill levy is 50.000 mills (adjusted to 55.663).

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2019, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,028,062
Outstanding Long-Term Debt Applicable to Capital Assets	<u>(1,091,338)</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ (63,276)</u>

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 6 NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2019, as follows:

Restricted Net Assets:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 8,500
Debt Service	207,836
Total Restricted Net Assets	<u>\$ 216,336</u>

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, the majority of which were conveyed to other governmental entities, and the repayment of Developer advances and accrued interest on those advances.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement

On December 7, 2015, the District and Golden Peaks, LLC entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement for operations and maintenance. This agreement entirely replaced the previously disclosed agreement dated December 10, 2012, between District No. 1 and Golden Peaks (Prior Funding Agreement). The District acknowledged the Prior Funding Agreement for the purpose of providing funding for payment obligations set forth in the Prior Funding Agreement. Golden Peaks agrees to loan up to \$500,000 to the District through December 31, 2017, and the District agrees to reimburse Golden Peaks on an annual appropriations basis at a rate of 8% per annum. Pursuant to the Prior Funding Agreement, Golden Peaks loaned \$80,000 to the Districts, which has been assumed by the District under this Agreement. The District has agreed to reimburse the prior advances to Golden Peaks in addition to any future advances.

On December 7, 2015, the District and the Developer (Hawthorn Development, Inc.) entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement for operations and maintenance. This agreement states that the District does not presently have financial resources to provide funding for payment of its operations and maintenance costs that are projected to be incurred prior to the anticipated availability of funds, and that the Developer is willing to loan funds to the District for such costs. Specifically, the Developer agrees to loan up to \$500,000 to the District through December 31, 2017, and the District agrees to reimburse the Developer on an annual appropriations basis at a rate of 8% per annum. Total principal unpaid as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$120,000. Accrued interest unpaid as of December 31, 2019 totaled \$50,613.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The transfers from the General Fund to the Special Revenue were made to fund operations and maintenance expenditures.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 9 RELATED PARTY

The Developers of the property which constitutes the District are Hawthorn Development, Inc. and Golden Peaks LLC. Hawthorn Development Inc. sold all 199 lots to Lennar Colorado, LLC. Certain members of the Board of Directors are employees of, owners of, or otherwise associated with the Developers, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, workers compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 6, 2012, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$5,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 434,282	\$ 433,235	\$ (1,047)
Specific Ownership Taxes	26,057	37,004	10,947
Interest Income	1,000	4,393	3,393
Total Revenues	<u>461,339</u>	<u>474,632</u>	<u>13,293</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Bond Interest - Series 2017A	299,625	299,625	-
Bond Principal - Series 2017A	60,000	60,000	-
Contingency	5,861	-	5,861
County Treasurer's Fees	6,514	6,500	14
Paying Agent Fees	3,000	8,000	(5,000)
Total Expenditures	<u>375,000</u>	<u>374,125</u>	<u>875</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	86,339	100,507	14,168
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>121,439</u>	<u>132,073</u>	<u>10,634</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 207,778</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 232,580</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 24,802</u></u>

OTHER INFORMATION

**HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

\$6,210,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds
Series 2017A, Dated December 14, 2017
Interest Rate 4.5% to 5.0%
Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 70,000	\$ 296,925	\$ 366,925
2021	70,000	293,775	363,775
2022	85,000	290,625	375,625
2023	85,000	286,800	371,800
2024	100,000	282,975	382,975
2025	105,000	278,475	383,475
2026	115,000	273,750	388,750
2027	120,000	268,575	388,575
2028	135,000	263,175	398,175
2029	140,000	257,100	397,100
2030	155,000	250,800	405,800
2031	160,000	243,825	403,825
2032	175,000	236,625	411,625
2033	185,000	228,750	413,750
2034	200,000	219,500	419,500
2035	210,000	209,500	419,500
2036	230,000	199,000	429,000
2037	240,000	187,500	427,500
2038	265,000	175,500	440,500
2039	275,000	162,250	437,250
2040	300,000	148,500	448,500
2041	315,000	133,500	448,500
2042	340,000	117,750	457,750
2043	355,000	100,750	455,750
2044	380,000	83,000	463,000
2045	400,000	64,000	464,000
2046	430,000	44,000	474,000
2047	450,000	22,500	472,500
Total	<u>\$ 6,090,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,619,425</u>	<u>\$ 11,709,425</u>

HAWTHORN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2019

Year Ended <u>December 31,</u>	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percentage Collected to Levied
		General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2015	\$ 1,238,995	12.500	50.000	\$ 77,437	\$ 77,437	100.00 %
2016	4,755,926	12.500	50.000	297,245	296,784	99.84
2017	6,371,109	16.500	50.000	423,678	301,446	71.15
2018	7,676,385	20.241	55.277	579,706	579,706	100.00
2019	7,856,472	20.241	55.277	593,305	591,875	99.76
Estimated for the Year <u>Ending December 31,</u>						
2020	\$ 8,987,316	20.382	55.663	\$ 683,440		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.